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Knowledge Management at Higher Educational Institutes in Bangladesh: The Case Study of Self-assessed Processes of Two Educational Institutions

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Abstract

Knowledge Management of higher education is correlated to self-assessment process. This can act as a well-thought-out groundwork for effective decisions and work plan relating to quality assurance at Bangladesh. The research was created on secondary sources and presents qualitative research. Department of Accounting and Information System of Jagannath University (JU), Bangladesh and Department of Pharmacy, Dhaka International University (DIU). In command of progress and ensure excellence in Advancement of Educational Institutions are obligatory to be more receptive to the global varying requirements of both types of internal and external stakeholders as observed by the authors. University Grants Commission (UGC), Bangladesh should come forward with ranking system of journal rankings to improve quality of research as observed by the authors. Employability skill among the students with originality and inventive nature is being required. For selecting teachers, in the circular of public universities they should refrain from advertising that private university passed students cannot apply as suggested by the authors. Authors' recommended that the country need to shape own branding through formulating National educational qualification framework from preprimary to Tertiary level of education with an appropriate connection and evaluation not following mainly Malaysia but also developed nations need to be prepared.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Bangladesh government is trying to improve its higher education system for which trying to improve knowledge management at the education sector. Diverse sort of higher educational institutions are providing education both in the general line and scientific arena of the country. Bangladesh's advanced teaching in numerous forms is conveyed by the degree colleges, university colleges, universities together public and private, and too the government accepted organizations of practical teaching and /or training that admit pupils who have finished 12 years of officialeducationSiddiqi2016). Re-alignment of the global advanced teaching agenda with the 2030 under Sustainable Development Goals(SDGs) to augment teaching superiority and supportable existing for global societies are required. In order to attain the SDGs, the global advanced education civic necessities accept an additional comprehensive, reasonable schedule which embraces methods that will expand their information proper and vantage point. Especially SDG 4 is related to education which refers to attachment, unbiasedness and excellence teaching for altogether. Glocalisation of learning is an alternative to the current internationalization discourse which advocates for the respectful sharing of cultural wealth and strengths of diverse global communities (Patel, (2017). Higher education recounts part and belongings towards demonstrative, responsive, community, and rational issues on the process of macro-economic development of the country.

The Ministry of Education of Govt. of Bangladesh with the support of the World Bankwas commenced a Higher Education Quality Enhancement Project (HEQEP) which will be ended by December 2018. The goals are to cultivate the excellence of teaching-learning and research competences of the tertiary teachingorganizationsatadvancedteachinglevel.¹But bureaucratic mannerism of UGC officials in Bangladesh creates some sort of divergence to greater access of the UGC's digital library.

Total 69 universities of the country out of which 38 public universities and 31 private universities were established Institutional quality assurance cell and practiced self-assessment process at various entities.² Bangladesh Accreditation Council Bill 2017 was passed at the national Parliament.The government recently appointed former vice-chancellor of Jagannath University Prof Mesbah Uddin Ahmed as the first chairman of the autonomous body for a four-year term.³

Self-assessment might be measured as the groundwork for effective decisions and work plan relating to quality assurance. The survey among five stakeholders did not take survey of parents and data analysis has been done, keeping in mind the real life scenario of the departmental position where it stands in a decision.

The study considered following Cobb Douglas production function for preparing excellent educated person:



....(1)

Where,Q = Excellent Educated person as a finished product

- E = Proper education as input
- K = Capital invested as input
- V, α , β = positive constants.

In the aforesaid equation(1), the inputs such as Proper education and Capital invested are increased by "t " times, then Excellent Educated person as a finished product will also increase by "t" times.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Ahmad (2002) observed that the rapid growth of enrollments in Bangladesh has to lead to increase access to higher education for the traditionally less privileged population, women and students from rural areas.

The effective use of the findings of the testimony at the micro level both Peer appraisal is especially useful in assuming personality characteristics, social relations skills etc. with typical behavior pattern (Linnand Miller, 2008).

Gallagher described that "Integration of efficiency information may occur before a difficult challenge. We will weight up our perceived skills, our physical and emotional state ,words of encouragement from others and then make a decision as to whether or not to 'go for it'."

While the strategic plan's goals and objectives remain a source of guidance and focus, the implementation plan delves into the messy work of getting the job should be done (Hinton, 2012). Rahman, Sarwar et al. (2012) described that institution markets can make use of findings to tailor their marketing activities toward a student's actual need.

Outcome based teaching learning system and inductive instructions should be encouraged. (Vijayalakshmiet al. 2013).

J.E. Herbart(1776-1884) and his follower developed the lesson planning as mentioned at Pathak and Chaudhary (2012) is shown below:

Table: 1 Approach to Lesson Planning

Clearness to Preparation

Association to Presentation

System to Abstract (Comparison and Generalization)

Method to Application

Source: Pathak and Chaudhary(2012).

In the aforesaid table the study approaches to lesson planning lead to clearness, association, system and method.

Following process for broad competencies which can be followed for education purposes are given below in Table:2:



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Table: 2 Broad Competencies		
Broad Competencies		
Improvement efforts focus on process		
Cross-functional trained individuals		
Enhanced utilization of personnel and/or equipment		
Focus an organization mission and objectives		
Increased communication with appropriate departments/areas		
Shared accountability and responsibility		
Organization focus versus department focus		
Optimizing organizational performance		
Significant gathering and use of feedback from customers		
Seamless Organization		
Source Summers (2000)		

Source:Summers (2009).

Board Competencies ultimately give strength to develop and manage knowledge for job market preparedness as shown in Table: 2.

The Outcome Based Teaching-Learning systems place importance on outcomes measurement rather than inputs of curriculum covered. Outcomes may include varieties of information, talents and outlooks. Process management at the educational sector must be improved **(Summers, 2009).** Educational technology of the HEIs should be improved **(Pathak and Chaudhary, 2012).** Programme Outcomes (POs) which is calculated at the end of graduation, and the other, the Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs) are evaluated for a longer time period (around 4–5 years) after graduation **(Tshai et al. 2014)**. The capacity to produce quality feedback is an essential graduate ability, and, therefore, be supposed to obtain a great deal of awareness in advanced learning curriculum **(Nicol et al. 2014)**.

Mapping of course learning objectives (CLOs) aligned with program outcomes (POs) is necessitate to be finished. Percentage of accomplishment of every objectives and outcomes are required to be calculated (Vijayalakshmi et al. 2013). "Accrediation provides added assurance that the program in which students are enrolled or are considering enrolling is capable of achieving what it set out to do" (Chakraborty and Rajasekharan, 2014).

"Besides academic performance, it has been acknowledged that graduates should be equipped with industrial relevance skills to increase their marketability and competency rule" (Bustamam and Anim, 2017)

3. OBJECTIVES OF STUDY

The study actually wants to attain how knowledge management can act in a better manner for considering self-assessment process. This will lead to understand how far the university



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education prepared the student for the job market. Quality enhancement is always based on perception and cognitive view of the alumnus, employer as well as faculties, current studies. However, parents need to be included in the assessment process. Ultimately positive result of quality enhancement at higher education will lead to strengthening macro foundation. As such the study has been undertaken with a research question whether self-assessment can be really active and well-organized to implement post improvement plan through cyclical manner considering PDCA?

4. METHODOLOGY

The study is established on secondary data basis and presents qualitative research. Department of Accounting and Information System of the Jagannath University (JU) and Department of Pharmacy, Dhaka International University (DIU). Data was analyzed using qualitative method. This paper also discusses self-assessment of both the universities two departments. First we have chosen one public university's one department under business faculty and another is private university's another department under science faculty to analyses their self-assessment report along with Outside Peer Review Report to determine the position of both the departments. Qualitative natures of deliberations have been done through this study. Two programs were chosen for this study from the two universities. Department of Accounting and Information System of Jagannath University (JU) and Department of Pharmacy, Dhaka International University (DIU). Time period of the study was from June 2018 to October 2018. As such we analyses two case studies to assess real picture of the two universities one each dept. Where Self-assessment including peer review is done. Based on peer reviewers report the study has kept only few important points.

5. **Results**

Results are discussed on the basis of the key findings of the two case studies are discussed below in Table: 3 :

S1.	Topics	Jagannath University	Dhaka International University
No.		(Dutta et al. 2016)	(Rattanawiboonsom, et al. ,2017).
1	Brief History	Jagannath University is	Dhaka International University was
		situated in the southern part of	started on 7 April, 1995 in the
		the city of Dhaka is situated at	private sector. Private ownership
		the river Buriganga,	based university claimed that it is
		Bangladesh. This prestigious	an institution of higher learning
		educational establishment has a	which encourages and inculcates

Table: 3 Comparison between two departments of two universities





	, ,
history of about 150 years	moral principles, ideals and rules.
which started in 1858 when	Pharmacy Dept. has large number
Dhaka Brahma School was	of foreign students especially from
founded in 1858 by Dinanath	Nepal and providing only B.Pharm
Sen, Prabhaticharan Roy,	degree which is accredited by
Anathbandhu Mallik and	Bangladesh Pharmacy Council.
BrajasundarKaitra. The	
Jagannath College was	
transformed into the Jagannath	
University in 2005. Faculty of	
Business Studies was	
introduced first 2005-2006	
academic session and started	
functioning with two	
departments i.e. Accounting	
and Management which were	
renamed as Department of	
Accounting & Information	
Systems and Department of	
Management Studies in the	
year 2010. The Department of	
Accounting & Information	
Systems (AIS) started its	
journey with 22 teachers and	
near about 4000 students in	
October 2005. After	
transforming the Jagannath	
College into Jagannath	
University, the Department of	
Accounting & Information	
Systems has firstly offered BBA	
program since 2005-2006	
academic session and now, the	
department has offered Master	
of Business Administration	



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		(MBA) program keeping with	
		the trend of greater appeal and	
		acceptability in the professional	
		arena and to successfully face	
		the competitive environment in	
		the modern business world.	
2.	Governance:	The department does not have	1.Internal and External
	Organization	its own vision and mission	stakeholders need to know the
	and	statement at the program level	latest academic to know the latest
	Management:	entity. A quality policy	academic development activities
	0	documents is needed to guide	like research, course development,
		the activities of the department.	planning, etc. through face book,
		The review team feels that the	twitter, LinkedIn etc.
		program vision, mission and	2. Department should encourage
		objectives need to be circulated	Internationalization program.
		to all to align with the overall	3. Strong recommendation for
		university vision-mission	Employability wing and career
		statement	development center which is
			needed to be established at
			department level and program
			level.
			4. Alumni association requires to be
			officially formed and database
			maintenance is required with
			linking graduate profile.
			5. Program level vision and mission
			should be linked with course level
			and including learning outcome.
			6. Students, teachers, education,
			research and other data relating to
			program and management is
			necessary for effective knowledge
			management. Google class room
			should be arranged.
			7. It is strongly recommended to set
			7. It is strongly recommended to set



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up "Human Recourse Training
Center" at Central level both for
academicians and non-
academicians. Young faculties
should get training. Non -academic
staff need training as per their off
job training.
8. Proctor should be full time faculty
position.
9. Pharmacy carnival may be
introduced each year.
10. Department urgently need a
head of the dept. with Ph.D. degree.
Moreover, University should keep
some advisors who have PhD but
young.
11. Social Business Club should
restructure their commitment
towards community engagement by
taking following steps with PKSF
who undertook a special
programme, titled ENRICH.
12. A female nurse and female
hostel super visor/words is
required.
13. IELTS and BCS preparation for
outgoing students need to be
arranged
14. If any student or any person
related to the university brings false
allegation of eve teasing, there
should be a system of punishment
for false allegation which should be
incorporate in the appropriate code
of conduct.
of conduct.





3.	Curriculum	Curriculum Review is done	1. In undergraduate course
	Content	periodically. Syllabus has	(Course CS-101) should be
	Design and	recently been updated	renamed as Computer application
	Review	accommodating contemporary	for pharmacist. Programming
		areas and recent	language should be deleted. Cutting
		developments/practices.	edge situations and mobile
		There is a necessity to focus on	electronic pharmacy list, Strategic
		the communication skills as	alliances partnership, ERP, PPIC
		expressed by the employer,	should be included. ICT and
		alumni and parents. Many	Electronic Business and Banking
		students can't speak in English	should also be included.
		and naturally become deterrent	2. HUM-111 should be renamed as
		for job prospects.	Socio-Economic and History of
			Bangladesh. Following points
			require to be included: Ancient
			period, different tourist spots,
			archaeological spots, historical
			spots, Sustainable development
			goal, Micro savings, Community
			banking, Role of PKSF, Changes in
			rural dynamics, reduction of
			Poverty, Bengali literature for last
			1200 years need to be included.
			Emergence of Bangladesh should be
			kept.
			As a text book following book is recommended:
			Bangladesher Sandhanya,
			Mobasher Ali, 2017, Student Ways.
			3. There should be a formal
			feedback system of curriculum
			design and development, teaching
			and learning for improvement from
			students/ alumnus/ employers as
			the nature and learning styles are
			continuously changing.
L	1		J 0 0'

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4.	Student	Student admission, as per the	1. The database of students should
	Admission	Government guidelines is fair.	be designed and established for
	Progress and	Student performance tracking	monitoring of students' progress,
	Achievement	is not done. Result analysis of	and achievement.
		the student's batch wise,	2. Students who passed from this
		subject wise and comparative	department and proved their
		studies between two semesters	worthiness need to be recorded.
		of two different years need to	3. Sometime alumnus can be
		be done and remedial measures	brought to deliver speech/special
		to be exercised to ensure better	talk to motivate students acting as
		outcome.	mentor/coach for increasing
			employability skill.
5.	Physical	A spacious reading room is	At least 10% cost of the hostel fee
	Facilities	sought after by students for	may be raised and increased
		study purpose. The lab has the	facilities for reading table along
		older version of Tally software	with keeping computer at each
		which is failing to meet the	room. Plan for hostel's emergencies
		needs of the students. Seminar	and evacuations are being needed.
		library should have better place	2. The central library should be air-
		for reading access. Hostel	conditioned and digitized.
		accommodation problem is	At the department level, access to e-
		acute.	library must be introduced and
			encouraged in every course.
			3. The location of the university is in
			the remote area. To save time and
			energy of the students and to
			develop superiority of campus life,
			the university must be fully-
			residential.
			4. Campus job for students may be
			arranged.
			5. More Pharmacy related lab
			facilities ought to be improved.

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6.	Teaching-	Classroom management in	1. Teachers' teaching performance
	Learning	terms of teacher reporting time	should be evaluated semester-wise
		needs considerable	by the students.
		improvement. Teachers' class-	2. Peer review system should be
		engagement and delivery are of	arranged.
		good standard. Because of large	3. "Human Recourse Training
		batch size there are some	Center" should encourage faculty
		limitation in terms of group	development through using
		assignment, individual	Bloom's Taxonomy.
		presentation and also special	4. In teaching and learning process
		care to the slow learners in the	of each course, the students should
		class room.	be encouraged to prepare
			themselves by using lesson plan
			aided by Google class room.
			5. There should be more scope for
			pharmacy, technology integration
			and skill development mechanism.
			6. Research labs should be
			established.
7.	Assessment of	Exams are as per the academic	1. An approved circular by the
	Student	calendar but result is not	Syndicate on the following process
	Performance	published in time. The result	may be approved on the basis of
		did not accessible on the	recommendation from Academic
		website. Mid-term answer	council: Preliminary result will be
		scripts require observing by	published by the dept./exam.
		students except for few special	Committee and after cross checking,
		cases. Rubric which deals with	final result is normally declared by
		achieving students good	the Controller of Exams.
		performance leads to assess the	2.Exam. System need to be
		worthiness of the student	automated.
		through build in response of	3. Implementation of skill
		teaching-learning is not	development plan can be integrated
		properly done. 'Level of	with course teaching-learning and
		learning' assessed is mainly	co-curricular activities.
		biased towards lower level	4. Humanistic approach, values,

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		outcomes; efforts should be	moralities and love for motherland	
		made to incorporate outcome	should be discussed by the faculties	
		based questions to ensure	for the students.	
		creativity and higher order of	5.TOT program on "How to teach	
		learning.	autistic persons "may be introduced	
8.	Student	Foundation course is not	1. The university need to become	
	Support	conducted for the fresher.	member of Bangladesh Research	
	Services	Academic counselling is not	and Education Network.	
		done periodically. There is no	2. Faculties should be encouraged to	
		provision of tutorial groups.	do research work and complete	
		There is no professional	higher studies at home and abroad	
		psychologist at University	so that they can facilitate education.	
		level. Skill mapping exercise	3. Career planning program for	
		(training need analysis) may be	students should be organized	
		improvised. Skills like	annually and links with	
		communication skills, general	organizations outside for job fairs,	
		aptitude etc. training are	job placement, etc. Employers and	
		needed to improve the	alumnus may help in this respect.	
		employability skills amongst	4. The Department should have an	
		the students.	annual program for students' co-	
		Entrepreneurship training and	curricular and extra-curricular	
		requisite support mechanism	activities.	
		are advisable as an alternative	5. Each teacher should give specific	
		to placement.	student counselling hour and	
			inform it to the Chairman of the	
			department.	
			6. Social Business Club should	
			restructure their commitment	
			towards community engagement	
			to create productive and sustainable	
			employment opportunities for the	
			poor by ensuring optimum use of	
			their existing resources and	
			enhancing their human capacities.	





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			7. Urgently a female nurse and
			female hostel supervisors are
			required.
9.	Staff Facilities	Staff facilities are not	1.Workshops /Training for
		satisfactory based on (a)	academic and non-academic staff
		Recruitment, (b) Staff	should be planned by the IQAC
		Development, (c) Peer	with the assistance of forming HRDI
		Observation, (d) Career	according to the needs/
		Development, and (e) Key	requirements of the personnel in the
		Performance Indicators (KPIs)	Department, in cooperation with
		indicators.	the centers concerned in that
			particular need. Special emphasis
			ought to be given on computer
			learning.
			2. Library assistant of the
			permanent campus may be
			encouraged to do post graduate in
			library science program.
			3. Compensation and non-
			compensation packages need to be
			increased.
			4. Staff facility is very poor in
			comparison to public university.
10.	Research and	The department requires	1. Research policy of the
101	Extension	having proper policy to ensure	Department should be established.
	Extension	necessary and effective research	This activity will help to strengthen
		and development activities in	the research contributions of the
		the department. The faculty	Department
		members have clearly	1
		expressed that the department's	the strength of the Department.
		policy is not adequate to support research and	C C
			university research collaboration as
		development activities in the	per existing rule of the Bangladesh
		department. Department does	may be established for doing
		not have its own Journal and E-	research work of the faculties of



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		Newsletter. External or	Pharmacy dept.
		industry sponsored project in	3. Journal of the university must
		the department is lacking	possess quality. Indexing of the
			journal is very much needed. Dept.
			must ensure a separate journal
			which may be published
11.	Process	The department requires to	1. For further improvement, the
	Management &	have proper policy to ensure	management information system
	Continuous	necessary and effective research	using appropriate software should
	Improvement	and development activities of	be introduced for effective and
		the department. The faculty	efficient program management.
		members have clearly	2. Under the leadership of the
		expressed that the department's	Department, a project on upgrading
		policy is not adequate to	the integrated management
		support research and	information system be developed
		development activities in the	and executed as one of the priorities
		department.	in improving quality education
			issues.
			3. To take necessary steps to prepare
			themselves for National
			accreditation.
			4. The department requires to
			prepare a quality improvement plan
			for enhancing the quality of
			teaching, appointing researched
			based academicians, learning and
			research, implementing outcome
			based teaching and learning,
			student engagement in the classes
			by taking into consideration the
			recommendations provided by
			EPRT.
			5. Non-profit health organization
			may be aligned with the dept.

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(Source: Compiled by authors from Dutta et al. 2016 and Rattanawiboonsom, et al., 2017)

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6. ANALYSIS OF THE FINDINGS

From aforesaid discussions it is observed that both the university's dept. lack some drawbacks. As such they should take post self –assessment improvement plan for next four years.

Departments need to deliberately translate their respective vision and mission into their longterm goals, in the form of vision and mission statements at the department level. In order to improve and ensure quality in Higher Education Institutions (HEIs), educational institutions are required to be more responsive to the global changing needs of all the stakeholders. Exactly, selfassessment process workout, particularly for both the universities that instigated to do at the first time, goals to regulate equal to advance educational excellence need to be attained. The intended learning outcomes mentioned in the SAR were recognized according to perspectives of employers and industries in case of the universities. The outcomes are satisfactory first course for important skill sets (technical, social and self) of the graduates who can have high employability must be achieved by both the departments of two universities. "Course Learning Outcomes" must be coincide with "Programme learning outcomes". Accounting department of Jagananth University must establish practical lab on accounting as well as business incubator. Curriculum ought to align with program objectives, intended learning outcomes through proper skill mapping of both the universities. The employers' feedback is sparkly the essential to set exit skills of the pupils to chance obligation of job markets for both the universities. The exit pre-requisite depends on latent of the pupils at the entrance idea and forte of the curriculum. However, the SAR only delivers current evidence of physical amenities, typically on magnitude basis of both the university though Jaganath University is in a relatively better position.

Higher educational institutes should improve their public awareness for improving quality of community development and social obligations. Tertiary educational institutes must be non – profitable though some private institutes put emphasis on profit motive. Education and knowledge management should be Teacher-student centric as well as library management both in presence and online system. Google class room can be effective one for studying platform. Marketing among the students for their future perspective must be main motto which can be attained thorough employability skill and soft skill. Publicity of the educational institute ought to be based on truth basis so that it can work to mitigate social obligations and legality. Excellence of higher education is a global issue and the country should not limit itself to the national boundary only. International collaboration and cooperation may enhance the IQAC and other initiatives by incorporating best practices in higher education around the world for which Bangladesh needs to have their own branding. Accreditation council should act as an external assessor to maintain quality of education and maintain benchmarking for attaining global standard education at Bangladesh. Quality assurance and accreditation council both are highly coorealted.



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Figure: 1 Shows current scenario of IQAC, self-assessment and possible relationship with Accreditation council which is going to be established, incorporated in the following figure

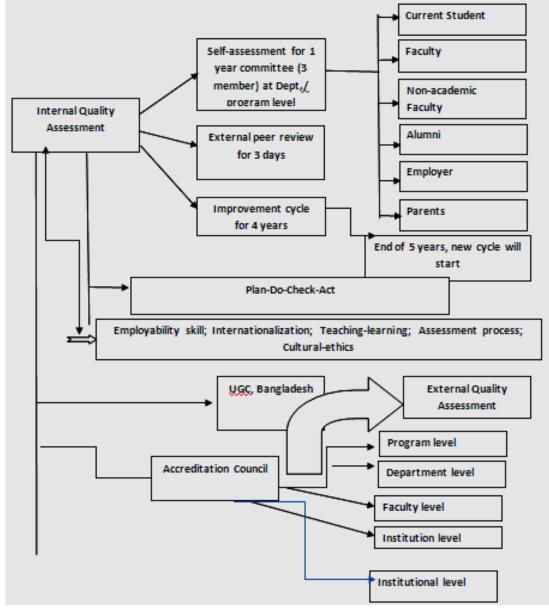


Figure: 1 IQAC and possible relationship with Accreditation council (*Source: Authors*)



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7. CONCLUSIONS AND IMPLICATIONS

Bangladesh lacks scientific and technical knowledgeable person. The country need to develop more industry need based people. Both departments as well as mutually Universities can advance their appearance and status in the domestic and world-wide through captivating suitable phases. Partnership with other universities for interactions, consultancy, case study, competition, pharmacy carnival or business carnival and combined study plans need to be encouraged. Current Vice Chancellor of the Jagannath University Professor Dr. Mijanur Rahman has been trying to improve the quality enhancement and raise the facilities of the students of the university. He plans to build hostel facilities at new campus along with other physical and logistic support within the rule. Accounting department can take steps to establish incubator programs and comprise numerous procedures of mentorship and provision, and cultivate the commercial for the time it takes for it in order to become on its own basis, from time to time for numerous existences. To improve quality of the students,' professional accelerator is required on fast evolution to all category available, all structural, active, and planned problems that provide strength in front of the industry.

Dhaka International University is also trying to improve its quality. But they need a dynamic Vice Chancellor. The dept. must arrange to mitigate experiments put on the excellence enhancement procedure in pharmacy settings. However, both the dept. of the university must follow the self-assessment improvement plan of quality assurance unit of UGC, Bangladesh. Graduates need to entirely fortify for the encounters in the 21st century's job market. Academicians bearing research for journal, and the amalgamation of study into their education is very important to safeguard all knowledge agendas. Student centric teaching-learning system need to be considered by stake holders in order to measure the value, perseverance, and management.

Accreditation council of Bangladesh should start functioning without bureaucratic mannerisms of delay though still it fully functional. The Accreditation Council Act, 2017 was approved by the national parliament on March 6, 2017. After long delay to set up by the than education minister, Prof Mesbah Uddin Ahmed is a very dedicated person who proved his worthiness earlier at the quality assurance unit of UGC, Bangladesh became the first chair of accreditation council. However, still proper manpower is not given to start its function. Ministry of Education is the peak crucial trategy making institution of the Government of Bangladesh. Ministry of Education in Bangladesh is in a position together guiding principle and agenda for the progress of postprimary to higher education in Bangladesh. Ms. Dr. Dipu Moni is very dedicated person became current Education Minister of GOB. She offers not only leadership to make sure greater than before access to education but also addressing the input of altering awareness concerning what teaching should entail and why it should be appreciated in the line of respected Prime Minister



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Shiekh Hasina. Starting of the full fledged Accreditation council is a challenging task. After **Higher Education Quality Enhancement Project (HEQEP)**, the World Bank (WB) now initiates after that invention 'Higher Education Acceleration and Transformation (HEAT)' project stressing graduate employability, governance including excellence in women's education with the help of UGC, Bangladesh. The central part of HEAT scheme is to locate a regional network of higher education organizations, get better teaching- learning environment and research to bear graduate employability and improve the higher learning supervision of the country. UGC Chairman Professor Abdul Mannan recently said that the aim of HEAT is to improve the employability of the country's graduates through the development of regional network and improving the system level of governance of the country's higher education. However, UGC's working environment needs to boost up for which a proper leader in the UGC urgently needed under new education minister so that vision, mission of the prime minister can be fulfilled to internationalize education with global standard benchmarking of the education.

Currently UGC, QAU considers the higher educational qualification framework which is under process is mainly followed Malaysian framework as per the provocation of the World Bank. But Bangladesh should go with the National qualification framework considering developed nations like USA, UK, Canada, and Australia. UGC should come forward with ranking of the journals published by the HEIs of the country to enhance the excellence. Meanwhile, higher educational institutions must ensure employability skill and soft skill. Among the students through motivation, capability should be attained through their rational aptitude of them to contribute in lawful actions or dealings, and the emotional circumstance among them to attain obligation to remain accountable for their assessments or deeds. Knowledge management among the students with entrepreneurial spirit should be inbuilt which ultimately help to attain a positive macroeconomic role to play for cognitive and behavioral performance. This will lead to economic development of the country.

National educational framework should be prepared with strategic management based on vision, mission, target and super goal oriented with focused oriented implementation. (Quality Assurance Unit, 2014). Alternative project like HEQEP need to be arranged.

For foreign students, additional support system should arrange by the higher educational institutions such as affordable accommodation, including food, sporting activities, healthcare facilities/first-aid, and gymnasium, community engagement, and heritage, cultural and social programs and removing language problems as well as close to all conveniences. To develop a perfect model of value in the developed educational arena we can use PPF Model (Public-Private Partnership with Foreigners). Love for motherland, patriotism and refrain from any terrorist activities of the students are very important. As mentioned in the introduction of the article the

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study observe that in accordance with Cobb –Douglas production function the inputs such as if proper education and Capital invested are increased then Excellent Educated person as a finished product will also increase. Self- assessment is a vital point to understand where the program and courses are standing and get wider scope to modification through continuous improvement programme.

In future, an in-depth study should be done where utilization of the fund, performance budgeting of the tertiary educational institutes, class auditing, governance, facilities, activities of Trustee board especially private sector(as they sometimes even did not pay salary/emoluments to the VC for example, Presidency University, Bangladesh and forced to resign for their profit making activities as he did not accept unethical practice of certificate selling and low graded student equivalence) and checking and management of implementing process to develop the education system. Even they did not pay the due amount of emoluments of the former Vice chancellor. Further activities of ministry of education's officers and UGC's personnel should be assessed by *ombudsman* who ought to be appointed by the National Parliament.

For selecting teachers, in the circular of public universities they should refrain from advertising that private university passed students cannot apply. This lowers prestige of the overall educational quality assurance. Separation among private and public university should be avoided especially in case of appointment of the faculties.

Dhaka School of Economics, constituent institution of the University of Dhaka has been undertaken proactive role under Prof. Dr. Muhammad Mahboob Ali through starting two programs Post graduate enterprise development and Master of Economics (Entrepreneurship Economics) program. Actually the motto of the school is to spread building entrepreneurs with employability skill of the present govt.'s idea and also to set up Data center for entrepreneurs and setting up economic incubator supported by venture capital at the school.

Employability skill and soft skill of the education sector with creativity and innovative nature is being required to attain managerial efficiency. Strong political determination by the leaders of the BIMSTEC member countries will help to cater the need in improving quality higher education's at this regional arenas. China's one belt and one road imitative is dangerous not for Bangladesh only but also for India in long run. In such a case educational cooperation through BIMSTEC may not be feasible to work like ASEAN which work as the Work Plan on Education 2016-2020 will channel cooperation in education and will join as strong bindings among ASEAN discourse associates and a diversity of international organizations, including entities that sustain ASEAN (Choong, 2016). Taking aforesaid example, regional and international cooperation at educational sector with visionary zeal, missionary enthusiasm guided by super goal to enhance quality education at higher educational institutes and implementation with focus based strategic



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planning with collaborative effort are much being looked-for . Now the country needs to build its own branding through preparing National educational qualification framework from preprimary to Tertiary level not based on Malaysia rather developed nations with a proper linkage and assessing appropriate essential to develop suitable human resources. Macro-economic sustainability can be attained through excellence of educational management which in turn provides positive return on investment and progressive contribution towards development of the economy of the country. Education Minister needs to intervene HEAT project through plan-docheck-act and develop the educational framework linked with developed nations. Priority should be given to starting full fledged accreditation council to fulfill dream of our respected leader Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina so that the country's graduates can get their recognition from developed nations. Distinguish between good public university students with top 12/14 good quality private universities students must be driven out. Appointment rules in the universities should be reconsidered which recently prepared by the UGC, Bangladesh as it is full of anomalies. Higher educational institutes' journals need to be ranked by the UGC, Bangladesh.

ENDNOTES

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